

Date: 07/05/2025

**Instructions:**

- 1) All questions are compulsory, however internal choice is provided for question no. 2 (A), 3(B), 4(B) and 5(B).  
2) Figures to the right indicate total marks allotted to the question.

**Q.1.** Answer the following questions

(8\*2=16 marks)

- State the formula for  
i) Probability of an event A  
ii) Additional theorem of Probability.
- State Baye's Theorem.
- State  
i) Types of random Variables  
ii) Formula for probability of a random variable of in binomial distribution.
- State any two properties of normal curve.
- Define i) Sampling ii) Population Size
- Define i) Null hypothesis ii) Alternate hypothesis
- State the null and alternate hypothesis for Mann-Whitney U test
- State the formula for calculating the value of the test statistics 'H' in Kruskal Wallks Test.

**Q.2.A.** Answer the following Questions

(3 x 4 marks = 12 marks)

- Define Standard error of a statistic and explain how sample size affects the standard error. (4)
- Random sample of 100 bulbs from large consignment produce 10% defective bulbs. Find 99% confidence limit for the percentage of defective bulbs. (4)
- Syska company claims that the length of life of its electric bulbs is 200 hours with standard deviation of 30 hours. A random sample of 25 showed on an average life of 1940 hours with a standard deviation of 25 hours. At 5% level of significance can we conclude that the sample has come from a population with mean of 200 hours (z-test). (4)

**OR**

**Q.2.B.** Answer the following Questions

(3 x 4 marks = 12 marks)

- Explain the steps involved in testing of hypothesis. (4)
- Random sample of 1000 houses in a city, 628 people use gas stove. Find 99% confidence limits for the percentage of houses in a city that use gas stove. (4)
- Certain refined oil is packed in tins holding 16 kg each. The filling machine can (4)  
Maintain this but with a standard deviation of 0.5 kg. Samples of 25 are taken from the production line. If sample mean 16.35 kg, at 5% level of significance, can we conclude that the sample has come from a population of 16 kg tins?(use 2 test)

**Q.2.C.** State and explain the types of error in testing of hypothesis. (4)

**Q.3.A.** Answer the following Questions

( 3 x 4 marks = 12 marks )

i) Two sample polls of voter for two candidates A and B for a public office are taken, one from among the residents of rural areas. The results are given in the table below. Examine whether the nature of the area is verified to voting preference in this election. (Use Chi Square Test) (4)

Area wise Votes	A	B	Total
Rural	620	380	1000
Urban	550	450	1000
Total	1170	830	2000

( Given table value is 3.841)

(4)

ii) A large hospital hires most of its doctors from two major universities over the last years, hospital has been conducting test for the newly recruited doctors to determine which school educates better. Based on the following scores, help the department of the hospital to decide whether the universities differ in quality. ( Given table is 1.65).

University A	99	83	89	64	98	85	61	79	91	87	88	
University B	96	90	97	94	86	95	68	78	93	56	76	84

(use U test)

iii) 3 different feed are to be compared to determine that they have same distribution of weight gains on experimental animals. Suppose 12 animals are divided at random into 3 groups of 4 animals and each group at different feed. Test that the median weight gains due to three feeds are same by Krukal Wallis Test ( Given table value is 5.692).

Feed	1	2	3
Weight gain	104	112	120
	110	117	126
	106	115	121
	102	114	128

**Q.3.B.** The height of 10 adult males selected at random from a given locality had a mean 63.2 inches and variance 6.25 sq inches. Test whether the adukt males of the given locality are on the average less than 65 inches tall. ( Given table value is 1.83) (use t test) (4)

**OR**

**Q.3.C.** Two types of batteries are tested for their length of life and the following data are obtained:

Type	No. of Sample	Mean life in hours	Variance
A	9	600	121
B	8	640	144

Is there significant different between the mean of the two batteries?  
(Given table value =2.13)

(4)

**Q.4.A.** Answer the following Questions ( 3 x 4 marks = 12 marks )

- i) A card is drawn from a pack of 52 cards. Find the probability that :
  - a) Card drawn is a club card
  - b) Card drawn is a Red card
  - c) Card drawn is a green card

(4)

- ii)  $P(A) = \frac{1}{3}$  ,  $P(B) = \frac{1}{6}$  ,  $P(A/B) = \frac{1}{4}$  . Find
  - a)  $P(A \cap B)$
  - b)  $P(A \cup B)$
  - c)  $P(B/A)$

(4)

- iii) 4 students answer a competitive exam. Their chances of passing are given as  $\frac{1}{2}$  ,  $\frac{1}{4}$  ,  $\frac{1}{6}$  and  $\frac{1}{8}$  . Find the probability that
  - a) None of the students have passed the exam
  - b) Atleast one student passed the exam.

**Q.4.B.** Answer the following questions :

- i)  ${}^6C_2 + {}^6C_4 - {}^6C_1$  (2)
- ii) In how many ways can a committee consisting of 3 men and 2 women, be chosen from 7 men and 5 women? (2)

**OR**

**Q.4.C.** Answer the following questions :

- i) Compute  ${}^5P_3 + {}^4P_2 - {}^2P_2$  (2)
- ii) Calculate the number of four digit number that can be formed with the digit 2, 3, 4, 7 and using each digit only once. (2)

**Q.5.A.** Answer the following Questions ( 3 x 4 marks = 12 marks )

- i) Justify why the given discrete probability distribution is valid. Also compute the expectation of x. (4)

x	0	1	2	3
P(x)	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{3}$

- ii) A person knows swimming , chances are  $\frac{2}{5}$  . Out of 5 person considered, Find the probability that
  - a) Exactly 5 person know Swimming
  - b) None of the person know swimming
  - c) Atleast 1 person knows Swimming

- iii) If a random variable follows poisson distribution such that  $p(x=1) = p(x=2)$  Find
- Mean
  - $p(x=0)$   
(Given  $e^{-2} = 0.1353$ )

**Q.5.B.** For a Binomial , mean is 10, Standard deviation is 3, Find the values of n , p and q  
( with usual notation ) (4)

**OR**

**Q.5.C.** The average number of customers , who appear at a counter of a certain bank per minute is 2. Find the probability that during a given minute. (4)

- No Customer appears
  - Atmost two customer appear.  
(Given  $e^{-2} = 0.1353$  )
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BICHOLIM - GOA

**S.Y.B.COM. (SEMESTER - IV) (Regular) SEMESTER END ASSESSMENT**  
**(NEP) APRIL 2025.**

**Subject: DIGITAL MARKETING (CBM 221)**

Date: 07/05/2025

Time: 10.00 A.m. to 12.00 p.m.

Max. Marks: 80

**Instructions:**

- 1) All questions are compulsory, however internal choice is provided for question no. 2 (A), 3(B), 4(B) and 5(B).
- 2) Figures to the right indicate total marks allotted to the question.

Q. No. 1) Answer the following questions .

(8 X 2 = 16 marks)

- a. Define Digital Marketing.
- b. Define Influencer Marketing.
- c. What is Web designing?
- d. What is Digital Campaigning?
- e. What is the purpose of CTA button in facebook page?
- f. Define Linked In Marketing.
- g. What is Social media management?
- h. What is SMART method of setting goals?

Q. No. 2A) Explain the features of Digital Marketing.

( 12 )

**OR**

Q. No. 2B) Explain the important channels of Digital marketing.

( 12 )

Q. No. 2C) What is Search Engine Optimisation? Explain any 2 core components of Search Engine Optimisation.

( 4 )

Q. No. 3A) Apply the elements/ qualities of a good website which you will ensure in designing a website for your company.

( 12 )

Q. No. 3B) What are the benefits of good website design.

( 4 )

**OR**

Q. No. 3C) Apply POEM framework to digital campaigning.

( 4 )

Q. No. 4) A) What is Social Media Marketing? Analyse the importance / benefits of Social Media Marketing.

( 12 )

Q. No. 4) B) Analyse any 4 points on how to gain subscribers and expand reach on youtube.

( 4 )

**OR**

Q. No. 4) C) Evaluate **Any 4** steps involved in facebook page optimization.

( 4 )

Q. No. 5) A) Evaluate the important skills required for a Social Media Manager.

( 12 )

Q. No. 5) B) Critically analyse the importance of Social media management for a Modern Company.

( 4 )

**OR**

Q. No. 5) C) Analyse the challenges in social media marketing.

( 4 )

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**S.Y.B.COM. (SEMESTER - IV) (Regular) SEMESTER END ASSESSMENT  
(NEP) APRIL 2025,**

**Subject: DIGITAL MARKETING (CBM 221)**

Date: 07/05/2025

Time: 10.00 A.m. to 12.00 p.m.

Max. Marks: 80

**Instructions:**

- 1) All questions are compulsory, however internal choice is provided for question no. 2 (A), 3(B), 4(B) and 5(B).
- 2) Figures to the right indicate total marks allotted to the question.

- 
- Q. No. 1) Answer the following questions . (8 X 2 = 16 marks)
- a. Define Digital Marketing.
  - b. Define Influencer Marketing.
  - c. What is Web designing?
  - d. What is Digital Campaigning?
  - e. What is the purpose of CTA button in facebook page?
  - f. Define Linked In Marketing.
  - g. What is Social media management?
  - h. What is SMART method of setting goals?
- Q. No. 2A) Explain the features of Digital Marketing. (12)
- OR**
- Q. No. 2B) Explain the important channels of Digital marketing. (12)
- Q. No. 2C) What is Search Engine Optimisation? Explain any 2 core components of Search Engine Optimisation. (4)
- Q. No. 3A) Apply the elements/ qualities of a good website which you will ensure in designing a website for your company. (12)
- Q. No. 3B) What are the benefits of good website design. (4)
- OR**
- Q. No. 3C) Apply POEM framework to digital campaigning. (4)
- Q. No. 4) A) What is Social Media Marketing? Analyse the importance / benefits of Social Media Marketing. (12)
- Q. No. 4) B) Analyse any 4 points on how to gain subscribers and expand reach on youtube. (4)
- OR**
- Q. No. 4) C) Evaluate **Any 4** steps involved in facebook page optimization. (4)
- Q. No. 5) A) Evaluate the important skills required for a Social Media Manager. (12)
- Q. No. 5) B) Critically analyse the importance of Social media management for a Modern Company. (4)
- OR**
- Q. No. 5) C) Analyse the challenges in social media marketing. (4)
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**S.Y.B.COM. (SEMESTER - IV) (Regular) SEMESTER END ASSESSMENT  
(NEP) APRIL 2025,**

**Subject: CORPORATE LAW (COM 222)**

Date: 07/05/2025

Time: 10.00 A.m. to 12.00 p.m.

Max. Marks: 80

**Instructions:**

- 1) All questions are compulsory, however internal choice is provided for question no. 2 (A), 3(B), 4(B) and 5(B).
- 2) Figures to the right indicate total marks allotted to the question.

Q.1. Define or Identify the following key terms in Corporate Law:

(8 x 2 = 16 Marks)

- a. Company'
- b. 'One Person Company' (OPC).
- c. Memorandum of Association (MOA)
- e. Prospectus
- g. 'Independent Director
- h. 'Insider Trading'.
- j. 'Deceptively Similar Mark'
- k. Director Identification Number (DIN)

(12 Marks)

Q.2.A Describe the circumstances under which the principle of 'Lifting the Corporate Veil' is applied.

**OR**

B. Explain the legal implication of the doctrine of 'Constructive Notice' concerning a company's MOA and AOA.

(12 Marks)

C. Describe the function and importance of a 'Whistle Blower' in corporate governance. (04 Marks)

Q.3. Answer the following

(12 Marks)

A. Elaborate on the legal status and duties of 'Promoters' before a company is officially formed. Assess the legal validity of contracts entered into before incorporation ('Pre-incorporation Contracts').

(04 Marks)

B. 'FutureTech Ltd.', a public company, intends to modify the Objects Clause of its MOA to include a new line of business. Draft the operative text of the Special Resolution required for this alteration, suitable for inclusion in an EGM notice. Assume necessary details.

**OR**

C. 'Code Genius Pvt. Ltd.' wishes to issue Sweat Equity Shares to its senior software developers for creating valuable proprietary code. Prepare a draft Board Resolution recommending this issuance, clearly specifying the class of employees, number of shares, valuation method, and consideration (if any).

(04 Marks)

Ex 1m  
Q.4. Answer the Following

A. Detail the mandatory composition and key functions assigned to the 'Audit Committee' under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. **(12 Marks)**

B. Prepare concise Minutes of a Meeting for the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee of 'Impact Ventures Ltd.', documenting the committee's discussion, selection, and approval of funding for specific healthcare initiatives as part of its annual CSR obligations. **(04 Marks)**

**OR**

C. 'Connect Plus Ltd.' is facilitating remote e-voting for its shareholders at the forthcoming AGM. Draft the specific section of the AGM Notice that provides clear, step-by-step instructions to shareholders on how to access the e-voting platform and cast their votes. **(04 Marks)**

Q.5. Answer the Following

A. Define what constitutes an 'infringement' of a registered Trademark. Discuss the various legal remedies available to the trademark owner against such infringement. **(12 marks)**

B. 'MediCure Labs' holds a patent for a unique diagnostic method. They have evidence that 'HealthScan Diagnostics' is using this patented method without permission. Draft a formal Notice of Patent Infringement addressed to HealthScan Diagnostics demanding cessation. **(04 Marks)**

**OR**

C. 'Urban Trendz Inc.' owns the registered trademark "Urban Trendz" for fashion accessories. A competitor is selling similar items under the name "Urban Trend". Draft a Cease and Desist Letter to the competitor asserting trademark rights and demanding immediate stoppage of the infringing use. **(04 Marks)**

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Q.2 B) The following balances stood in the books of Axix Bank Ltd after preparation of its profit and loss Account. Prepare Balance Sheet of the Axis Bank Ltd as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023. (12 Marks)

Particulars	₹
Issued and Subscribed share Capital	30,00,000
Reserve Fund	46,50,000
Fixed Deposits	3,19,50,000
Saving Deposits	1,42,50,000
Current Account	1,74,00,000
Money at Call & Short Notice	13,50,000
Investment	1,87,50,000
Profit & Loss Account	10,12,500
Dividend	3,00,000
Premises	22,12,500
Cash in Hand	2,85,000
Cash with RBI	75,00,000
Cash with other bank	45,00,000
Bills discounted & Purchased	28,50,000
Loans, Cash credit & Overdraft	3,82,50,000
Bills Payable	52,500
Unclaimed dividend	45,000
Rebate on bills discounted	37,500
Short loan	35,62,500
Furniture	8,73,000
Other Assets	2,52,000
Net Profit	11,62,500

Q.2 C) Discuss the different types of advances. (4 marks)

Q.3 A) Prepare a Revenue Account in respect of fire insurance business from the following details of National Insurance Company for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2014. (12 Marks)

Particulars	₹
Claims Paid	9,60,000
Claims Outstanding on 1 <sup>st</sup> April 2013	80,000
Claims intimated & accepted but not paid on 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2014	1,40,000
Premium Received	24,00,000
Reinsurance Premium Paid	2,40,000
Commission	4,00,000
Commission on re-insurance ceded	16,000
Commission on re-insurance accepted	8,000
Expenses on Management	6,04,000
Provision for unexpired risk on 1 <sup>st</sup> April	8,00,000
Additional provision for unexpired risk on 1 <sup>st</sup> April	41,200
Re-insurance recoveries of claims	16,000
Survey expenses regarding claims	10,000
Loss on sale of motor car	7,000
Bad Debts	5,000
Profit on sale of furniture	1,09,000
Interest and dividend ( net)	16,000
Income tax deduction there on	3,000
Legal expenses regarding claims	8,000
Profit on sale of Investment	7,000
Rent of Staff Quarters	4,800
Depreciation on Furniture	9,200

You are required to provide additional reserve for the unexpired risk at 1% of the net premium in addition to the opening balance of additional reserve.

Q.3 B) Explain any four types of Insurance.

(4 marks)

OR

Q.3 C) Explain the following concepts:-

(4 Marks)

- i) Premium
- ii) Claims

Q.4 A) From the following balances of Republic College, Prepare Income & Expenditure Account for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2016 and Balance Sheet as on that date.

(12 Marks)

Particular	Dr.	Cr.	Particular	Dr.	Cr.
Consultancy Receipt		42,667	Scholarship	26,667	
Seminar Receipt		1,60,000	Student Welfare Expenses	12,667	
Security Deposit Student		50,000	Repairs & Maintenance	37,333	
Capital Fund		5,35,333	Games & Sports Expenses	16,667	
Research Fund		2,66,667	Miscellaneous Expenses	21,667	
Building Fund		8,33,333	Research Fund	2,66,667	
Provident Fund		1,70,000	Investment		
Tuition Fees		2,66,667	Other Investment	6,16,667	
Donation		16,667	PF Investment	1,70,000	
Interest & dividend on Investment		61,667	Seminar Expenses	1,50,000	
Government Grant		1,66,667	Consultancy Expenses	9,333	
Hotel Room Rent		58,333	Land	33,333	
Mess Receipt (Net)		66,667	Building	5,33,333	
College Store (Sales)		2,50,000	Plant & Machinery	2,83,333	
Outstanding Expenses		75,000	Furniture	2,00,000	
Stock of Store & Supplies	1,00,000		Motor Vehicle	60,000	
Purchase Store & Supply	2,66,667		Provision for Depreciation		
Salary- Teaching	2,83,333		Building		1,60,000
Research	40,000		Plant & Machinery		1,70,000
Library	1,20,000		Cash at Bank		2,14,000

Additional Information :

1. Material & Supplies Consumed

Teaching	16,667
Research	50,000
Student Welfare	25,000
Games & Sports	8,333

2. Tuition fees received from Government for backward class scholars is ₹. 26,667

3. Stores Selling Prices are fixed to give a net profit of 10% on selling price

4. Depreciation is provided on straight line basis at the following rates:

Building	5%
Plant & Equipment	10%
Furniture & Fixture	10%
Motor Vehicle	20%

Q.4 B) Discuss the importance of visitor's ledger in hotels

(4 Marks)

OR

Q.4 C) Write any four common expenses of educational institutions.

(4 Marks).

Q.5 A) Dr. Kamat's Receipt and Payments Account for the year ending 31<sup>st</sup> March 2019 was as Follows :

(12 Marks)

Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To fees Received	5,47,000	By Rent of Clinic	28,000
To interest on bank Account	3,000	By salaries to assistant	48,000
To equipment Sold	10,000	By Salaries to attendants	21,000
To Miscellaneous receipt	8,000	By News Papers	1,460
		By Journals	2,840
		By Library Books	17,700
		By Equipment's	60,000
		By Drawings	2,40,000
		By balance c/d	
		Bank	1,44,000
		Cash	5,000
	<b>5,68,000</b>		<b>5,68,000</b>

Dr. Kamat started practice as a cardiologist on 1<sup>st</sup> April 2018 with equipment worth ₹ 10,00,000.

He purchased additional equipment's on 31<sup>st</sup> December 2018. Equipment costing Rs. 18,000 were sold on 30<sup>th</sup> November 2018. Fees amounting to ₹ 23,000 were still outstanding. Salaries to assistants @ 5500 per month were outstanding for the month of March 2019. Depreciation was to be provided @ 20% on equipment and 10% on Library Books. Prepare Receipt and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2019 and the Balance Sheet as on that date.

Q.5 B) Discuss the limitations of Cash System.

(12 Marks)

OR

Q.4 C) Explain the benefits of accrual basis of accounting.

(4 Marks).

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**S.Y.B.COM. (SEMESTER - IV) (Regular) SEMESTER END ASSESSMENT**  
**(NEP) APRIL 2025,**

**Subject: Strategic Performance Management (CCA 221)**

Date: 07/05/2025

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 p.m.

Max. Marks: 80

**Instructions:**

- 1) All questions are compulsory, however internal choice is provided for question no. 2 (A), 3(B), 4(B) and 5(B).
- 2) Figures to the right indicate total marks allotted to the question.

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- Q.1. Answer the following questions (8\*2=16 marks)
- a. Define Productivity.
  - b. List any four credit rating companies in India.
  - c. What is Corporate Performance Management?
  - d. What is ROA?
  - e. What is Six Sigma?
  - f. What do you mean by MIS?
  - g. What is Risk Retention?
  - h. State any four types of corporate risk.
- Q.2.A. Explain in detail the objectives of Performance Management. (12 marks)
- OR**
- Q.2.B. Explain various tools of Financial report analysis. (12 marks)
- Q.2.C. Differentiate between credit score and credit rating. (4 marks)
- Q.3.A. Explain the nine-step guides for the implementation of the Balance Scorecard in an organization. (12 marks)
- Q.3.B. Explain the three components of Dupont analysis. (4 marks)
- OR**
- Q.3.C. Explain the Four perspectives of the Balance Scorecard. (4 marks)
- Q.4.A. Summarize Different Types of Benchmarking. (12 marks)
- Q.4.B. Explain Seven wastes of Lean manufacturing. (4 marks)
- OR**
- Q.4.C. Explain the essentials of TQM. (4 marks)
- Q.5.A. Summarize the different types of risks. (12 marks)
- Q.5.B. Explain the SWIFT analysis. (4 marks)
- OR**
- Q.5.C. Analyse and explain the Ruin Theory. (4 marks)

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**S.Y.B.COM. (SEMESTER – IV) (Regular ) SEMESTER END ASSESSMENT**  
( NEP ) April 2025.

**Subject: MARGINAL COSTING ( CCA 205)**

Date: 05/05/2025

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m.

Max. Marks: 40

**Instructions:**

1. All **Five** Questions are compulsory. Each question carries **8 marks**.
2. Figures to the right indicate marks allotted.
3. Show important working notes as fair work.

Q.1) Answer the following questions.

(4 x 2 marks = 8 Marks)

- a) What do you mean by Marginal cost and Marginal costing.
- b) How Marginal costing differs from Absorption Costing (2 points)
- c) State any four decisions where Marginal Costing is applied.
- d) List any four Key Factors considered while making decisions.

Q.2 A) Following data is provided for the year ending 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 of Sai & Co.

Selling Price ₹ 20 per unit

**Manufacturing Cost**

Variable ₹ 11 per unit, Fixed ₹ 5,40,000

**Selling Cost**

Variable ₹ 3 per unit, Fixed ₹ 2,52,000

Relate the figures and show: 1. Contribution 2. P/V Ratio, 3. Break Even Point. (6 Marks)

**OR**

Q.2 B) Two businesses Giridhar Ltd. and Raikar Ltd. sell the same type of product in same type of market. Budgeted profit and loss account for the year 2024 is as follows.

Particulars	Giridhar Ltd.	Raikar Ltd.
	₹	₹
Sales	1,50,000	1,50,000
Less: Variable cost	1,20,000	1,00,000
Contribution	30,000	50,000
Less: Fixed cost	15,000	35,000
Net Profit	15,000	15,000

Interpret the data and compare which business is likely to earn greater profit in conditions of

- a) Heavy demand for the product.
- b) Low demand for the product and briefly give reasons. (6 Marks)

Q.2 C) Explain the term 'Angle of Incidence'

(2 Marks)

Q.3 A) Solve and identify P/V Ratio and Fixed Cost. The figures relates to a company manufacturing different products.

Year	Total Sales (₹)	Total Cost (₹)
2016	22,23,000	19,83,600
2017	24,51,000	21,43,200

(6 marks)

Q.3 B) Identify any two advantages of Marginal costing

(2 Marks)

OR

Q.3 C) Apply Marginal costing technique to the following data and identify P/V Ratio. (2 Marks)

	₹
Direct Material	2,00,000
Direct Labour	2,00,000
Variable Overhead	2,00,000
Fixed Cost	3,00,000
Net Profit	1,00,000
Sales	10,00,000

Q.4 A) A company manufactures and market two products Y and Z. Both products are made from same set of machines. Production is limited by machine capacity. Analyse the data given below and prioritize the products Y and Z with the view of maximizing profits. (6 Marks)

Particulars	Y	Z
	₹	₹
Raw Material Cost p.u	16.25	21.25
Direct Labour Cost p.u.	2.5	2.5
Other Variable cost p.u.	2.25	3.55
Selling Price p.u.	30	35
Standard Machine Time required p.u. (in Minutes)	20	28

(2 Marks)

Q.4 B) Materials are limited in supply and products X and Y use the same materials. 3 units of materials are used for producing Product X and 5 units of materials are used for producing Product Y. Contribution per unit is ₹-12 in case of product X and ₹ 15 in case of product Y. Solve and compute the contribution per unit of material for products X and Y.

OR

Q.4 C) Develop and solve a practical problem with Make or Buy decision

(2 Marks)

Q.5 A) A company manufactures three distinct products E, F and G. The following information has been collected from the books of accounts of the company.

Particulars	E	F	G
Sales mix	35%	35%	30%
Selling Price per unit (₹)	30	40	20
Variable cost per unit (₹)	15	20	12

Total fixed cost ₹ 3,60,000, Total Sales ₹ 12,80,000

Analyse the above data and evaluate the profit of a product mix.

(6 Marks)

Q.5 B) The price structure of a product is as follows.

	₹
Selling Price	12 per unit
Variable cost	9 per unit
Fixed manufacturing cost	1,00,000 p.a.
Fixed administrative cost	50,000 p.a.

Apply Marginal Costing technique and identify B.E.P. in Quantity and Value.

(2 Marks)

OR

Q.5 C) The data given below relates to Modern Garments which produces and sold T-Shirts during 2023-24.

Sales @ ₹ 300 per T-Shirt	4,000 T-Shirts
Direct Material Cost	₹ 2,00,000
Direct Labour Cost	₹ 1,00,000
Factory overheads	
Variable	₹ 1,00,000
Fixed	₹ 6,00,000

Develop income statement by applying Absorption Costing.

(2 Marks)

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ZANTYE BROTHERS EDUCATIONAL FOUNDATION'S  
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BICHOLIM - GOA

S.Y.B.COM. (SEMESTER - IV) (Regular ) SEMESTER END ASSESSMENT  
(NEP) April 2025,

Subject: BRAND MANAGEMENT

Date: 05/05/2025

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m.

Max. Marks: 40

Instructions:

1. Q.No No 1 is compulsory. However internal Choice is available.
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks allotted to the question.

Q1. Write short note on the following

(2 X 4 = 8)

- a) Functions of Brand
- b) Celebrity Endorsement.
- c) Brand Extension
- d) Options and Tactics of Brand Criteria

Q2.A. State and Explain Brand Promotion Methods.

(6)

**OR**

Q2.B. Elucidate significance of branding.

(6)

Q2.C. State different types of Brands.

(2)

Q3.A "Public Relation Plays a significant role in shaping the perception of a brand". Explain the role of public relation in building Brands

(6)

Q3.B. State Benefits of Event Management in Branding.

(2)

**OR**

Q3.C. State steps in Strategic Brand Management Process.

(2)

Q4.A Explain benefits of Brand Equity

(6)

Q4.B. State Criteria for choosing Brand Elements.

(2)

**OR**

Q4.C. State stages in Customer Based Brand Equity.

(2)

Q5.A Elucidate ethical consideration in Branding

(6)

Q5.B. State sources of Brand Equity.

(2)

**OR**

Q5.C. State cons of Brand Extension.

(2)

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ZANTYE BROTHERS EDUCATIONAL FOUNDATION'S  
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BICHOLIM - GOA

**S.Y.B.COM. (SEMESTER - IV) (Regular ) SEMESTER END ASSESSMENT**  
**(NEP) April 2025,**

**Subject: Forensic Accounting**

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m.

Max. Marks: 40

Date: 05/05/2025

**Instructions:**

1. Q.No No 1 is compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks allotted to the question.

Q1. Answer the following questions

(2 X 4 = 8)

- a) How does forensic accounting deal with money laundering?
- b) List any four sources of terrorism financing
- c) How is insolvency different from bankruptcy
- d) What do you mean by digital forensic?

Q2.A. Explain in detail evolution of forensic accounting

(6)

**OR**

Q2.B. Elaborate in detail the role of forensic accounting in the modern business world

(6)

Q2.C. Discuss any two types of financial crime

(2)

Q3.A. Explain in detail the process of cyber crime investigation

(6)

Q3.B. Discuss the different types of insurance.

(2)

**OR**

Q3.C. Explain the key aspects of digital forensic.

(2)

Q4.A. Discuss any two case studies of forensic accounting.

(6)

Q4.B. Write different methods of money laundering

(2)

**OR**

Q4.C. What do you mean by forensic accounting?

(2)

Q5.A. Explain any two professional standards to be followed by a forensic accounting team.

(6)

Q5.B. What do you mean by cyber crime investigation

(2)

**OR**

Q5.C. Discuss the key characteristics of fraud

(2)

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ZANTYE BROTHERS EDUCATIONAL FOUNDATION'S  
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BICHOLIM - GOA

**S.Y.B.COM. (SEMESTER - IV) (Regular) SEMESTER END ASSESSMENT**  
**(NEP) APRIL 2025,**

**Subject: EVENT MANAGEMENT (CBM 204)**

Time: 10.00 A.m. to 12.00 p.m. Max. Marks: 80

Date: 25/04/2025

**Instructions:**

- 1) All questions are compulsory, however internal choice is provided.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate total marks allotted to the question.

**Q.1. Answer the following questions:**

(8 x 2 marks = 16)

- a. Which are the Principles of Event Management?
- b. List any eight (8) Challenges faced in event Management.
- c. Define the term Event Planning.
- d. What is Event Itinerary?
- e. Name the various vendors involved in an Event?
- f. List any eight (8) Technical requirements for Event Production.
- g. State the term Event Cost Sheet.
- h. What do you mean by Event Branding?

Q.2. A) Describe the various Types of events. (12)

or

Q.2. B) Explain the concept Venue Management. (12)

Q.2. C) Outline the Profit analysis of events. (04)

Q.3. A) Explain the process of event planning. (12)

Q.3. B) Elaborate the concept of Event Pricing. (04)

or

Q.3. C) Give an example of a potential risk associated with an outdoor music festival and suggest a mitigation strategy. (04)

Q.4. A) Analyze how effective scheduling and the use of checklists can mitigate potential production issues. (12)

Q.4. B) Differentiate between a regional event and a major event (04)

or

Q.4. C) List the resources you would need to plan for an outdoor sporting event. (04)

Q.5. A) Assess the importance of applying the service marketing mix principles specifically to event marketing. (12)

Q.5. B) For a corporate conference, describe two non-technical requirements that would be crucial for its success. (04)

or

Q.5. C) Outline three specific tactics you could use to generate publicity for a local charity run. (04)



Adjustments:

1. Closing stock of Materials at the end of the Year 31/03/2025 were Rs 2,50,000.
2. Make a Provision for Taxation to the Extent of  $33\frac{1}{3}\%$ .
3. Outstanding Salaries to the Employees to the Extent of Rs 1,50,000

'OR'

Q2. Prepare A Comparative Revenue Statement in the Vertical Form from the Following for the year ended 31/03/2025. (12)

RCB Ltd.  
Profit and Loss Account

Particulars	Rs.	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.	Rs.
To Opening Stock	250000	350000	By Sales	3900000	5500000
To Purchases	2250000	3250000	By Closing Stock	300000	360000
To Interest on Deb.	150000	180000	By Dividend	18000	40000
<b>To Depreciations</b>			By Profit on Sale of Machinery	24000	-
Furniture	15000	15000			
Machinery	36000	30000			
To Salary to Employees	220000	310000			
To Selling Expenses	456000	653000			
To Carriage Outward	75000	275000			
To Loss by Fire	-	15000			
To wages	195000	300000			
To Interest on Loan	10000	12000			
To Net Profit	585000	510000			
	4242000	5900000		4242000	5900000

Adjustments:

1. Provision for taxation for 31/01/2014 and On 31/03/2025 shall be Rs.285000 and Rs, 200000 Respectively.

Q.2 C What is Trend Analysis?

(4)

Q.3 What is Traditional Classification of Ratios? (4)

'OR'

Q.3. What is Functional Classification of Ratios? (4)

Q.3. Calculate The Following Ratios explaining the Significance of each one of them. (12)

- |                                    |                       |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| (a) Current Ratio                  | (b) Liquid Ratio      |
| (c) Proprietary Ratio              | (d) Debt Ratio        |
| (e) Stock to working Capital Ratio | (f) Net Profit Ratio  |
| (g) Operating Ratio                | (h) Earning Per Share |

**Profit and Loss Account of GT Ltd for the Year Ended 31/03/2025**

Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
To Opening Stock	150000	By Sales	1500000
To Purchases	1290000	By Closing Stock	150000
To Gross Profit	210000		
	<b>1650000</b>		<b>1650000</b>
To Salary to Employees	20000	By Gross Profit	210000
To Selling Expenses	11000	By Profit on sale of Fixed Assets	27500
To Rent	14000		
To Depreciation	50000		
To Tax Provision	60000		
To Interest on Loan	22500		
To Net Profit after Tax	60000		
	<b>237500</b>		<b>237500</b>

**Balance Sheet as on 31/03/2025**

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
10% Preference Capital (Rs.10)	150000	Building	600000
Equity Share Capital (10 Each )	250000	Plant and Machinery	200000
General Reserve	200000	Investments	75000
12% Debentures	350000	Debtors	100000
Creditors	130000	Stock	130000
Bank Overdraft	25000	Bills Receivables	80000
Out Standing Expenses	55000	Prepaid Expenses	15000
Income tax Provision	65000	Bank Balance	25000
	<b>1225000</b>		<b>1225000</b>

Q4. A. Give Advantages of Cash flow statement (4)

'OR'

Q4 B What is Cash from Operation (4)

**Q4 C** From the following Financial Statement Prepare a cash flow statement of LSG Ltd. for the year ended 31st March 2025 (12)

**Balance Sheet as on**

Liabilities	31-3-2024 Rs.	31-3-2025 Rs.	Assets	31-3-2024 Rs.	31-3-2025 Rs.
Share Capital	135000	135000	Goodwill	13950	4950
Reserves	40000	54000	Land and Building	32400	45000
Loans	45000	27000	Plant and Machinery	113400	85000
Fixed Deposits	67950	62010	Furniture	-	40500
Creditors	71640	43920	Investments	40500	49500
Proposed Dividend	13500	16200	Debtor	94500	114120
Provision for Taxation	10800	12600	Cash and Bank	89640	11660
	<b>384390</b>	<b>350730</b>		<b>384390</b>	<b>350730</b>

Other Information:

- (a) Depreciation is Provided on Furniture Rs 4500 and on Land and Building Rs 5000 .
- (b) Investment costing Rs.8000 were sold for Rs 10000 during the Year
- (c) Tax of Rs 13000 was paid for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> march 2025.

**Q5.** From the Following Information Prepare Statement of Economic Value Added, Enterprise Value and Return Ratio for the year ended 31st March 2025 in the vertical format. (12)

Particulars	31-3-2024	31-3-2025
Opening Stock of Materials	300000	350000
Closing Stock of Materials	400000	425000
Purchases of Materials	620000	660000
Salary and Other Employee Benefits	575000	625000
Other administrative expenses	675000	595000
Distribution expenses	700000	650000
Selling expenses	500000	450000
Interest on loan	350000	325000
Depreciation on Machinery	200000	180000
Amortisation on computer software	100000	120000
Sales and Sales Returns	5000000	6200000
Interest (Cr)	180000	200000
Other Income	150000	175000

Other Information:

- 1) Provision for Income Tax is to be made @ 25% on Net Profit before Tax.
- 2) Cost of Capital Rs.275000.
- 3) Market value of Equity in 2024 Rs. 7500000 and 2025 8500000.
- 4) Debts for 2024 Rs. 1500000 and For 2025 Rs. 1800000
- 5) Cash and Bank Balance in 2024 Rs.1700000 and 2025 Rs.1900000.
- 6) Average Capital Employed worth Rs.2700000 in 2024 and Rs. 2800000 in 2025.

**Q 5 B.** Explain What is Mean by EVA (4)

**‘OR’**

**Q5. C** Explain What is Mean by MVA (4)

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S.Y.B.COM. (SEMESTER - IV) (Regular ) SEMESTER END ASSESSMENT  
( NEP ) April 2025,

**Subject: MARATHI**

Date: 06/05/2025

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m.

Max. Marks: 40

सूचना: १. प्रश्नपत्रिका ब्लूमस टेक्सोनोमीच्या नियमानुसार सिद्ध केलेली आहे.

२. सर्व प्रश्नांना समान गुण आहेत.

३. प्रश्नपत्रिका संपूर्ण अभ्यासक्रमावर आधारित आहे.

प्र. क्र. १. खालीलपैकी कोणत्याही पाच प्रश्नांची थोडक्यात उत्तरे लिहा. (५ x २ = १०)

१. ग्रंथपरीक्षणाची कोणतीही दोन उद्दिष्टे लिहा.

२. ग्रंथपरीक्षकाचे कोणतेही दोन गुण लिहा.

३. ग्रंथपरीक्षणाचे स्वरूप लिहा.

४. ग्रंथपरीक्षणाचे कोणतेही चार प्रकार लिहा.

५. वर्णनात्मक ग्रंथपरीक्षण म्हणजे काय?

६. कथा संग्रहाच्या ग्रंथ परीक्षणाचे स्वरूप लिहा.

७. ग्रंथपरीक्षणासाठी कोणती माध्यमे वापरली जातात?

प्र. क्र. २. टीपा लिहा. (कोणत्याही दोन)

(५ x २ = १०)

१. 'आलोक' कथासंग्रहाची भाषिक वैशिष्ट्ये.

२. 'आलोक' कथासंग्रहातील 'चिरेबंद' कथा.

३. 'हिमालयाची सावली' नाटकाचा विषय.

४. 'हिमालयाची सावली' नाटकातील बयो.

(१)

1 कोणत्याही एका प्रश्नाचे सविस्तर उत्तर लिहा. (१x१०=१०)  
II विविध पद्धतींचा परिचय करून द्या.  
ठी कोणती कौशल्ये आवश्यक असतात?

1 कोणत्याही एका प्रश्नाचे सविस्तर उत्तर लिहा. (१x१०=१०)  
शासंग्रहाचे ग्रंथपरीक्षण करा.  
सावली" नाटकाचे ग्रंथपरीक्षण करा.

\*\*\*\*\* समाप्त \*\*\*\*\*

(२)

Date: 21/04/2025

Time: 10.00 A.m. to 12.00 p.m.

Max. Marks: 80

**Instructions:**

- 1) All questions are compulsory, however internal choice is provided for question no. 2 (A), 3(B), 4(B) and 5(B).
- 2) Figures to the right indicate total marks allotted to the question.

- Q. No. 1) Answer the following questions . (8 X 2 = 16 marks)
- a. What is Macroeconomics ?
  - b. Define Gross Domestic Product.
  - c. What is Social Cost of inflation.
  - d. Define Menu Cost and Shoe leather cost.
  - e. What is Marginal propensity to consume?
  - f. What is Open Market Operation?
  - g. What is fixed Exchange Rate.
  - h. Define Open Economy.
- Q. No. 2A) Briefly explain AD-AS approach. (12)
- OR**
- Q. No. 2B) Identify the objectives of green accounting. (12)
- Q. No. 2C) Explain the circular flow of national income in two sector model. (4)
- Q. No. 3A) How does an analysis of the Phillip Curve in the short run. Explain trade-off between inflation and unemployment . (12)
- Q. No. 3B) State the natural rate of unemployment theory. (4)
- OR**
- Q. No. 3C) Explain the difference between rational expectation and adaptive expectation. (4)
- Q. No. 4) A) Analyse the concept of consumption function and what are the key determinants of consumption function . (12)
- Q. No. 4) B) Monetary policy can be contractionary explain the impact. (4)
- OR**
- Q. No. 4) C) Explain the types of investment. (4)
- Q. No. 5) A) Evaluate the objectives of demonetization in India during 2016. (12)
- Q. No. 5) B) Explain the flow of goods, capital, saving and investment in small open economy (4)
- OR**
- Q. No. 5) C) What are the features of open economy (4)
-

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BICHOLIM – GOA

**S.Y.B.COM. (SEMESTER – IV) (Regular ) SEMESTER END ASSESSMENT**  
**(UNDER NEP) APRIL 2025,**  
**Subject: METHODS OF COSTING II (CCA 203)**

Date: 23/04/2025

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 p.m.

Max. Marks: 80

Instructions:

1. All Five Questions are compulsory. Each question carries 16 marks.
2. Figures to the right indicate marks allotted.
3. Show important working notes as fair work.

Q.1) Answer the following questions.

(8 x 2 marks = 16)

- a. Explain the application of process costing with suitable example.
- b. Explain the concept of abnormal gain in process costing.
- c. What is meant by inter-process profit in process costing?
- d. Define equivalent production.
- e. What is a Cost Plus Contract?
- f. What is meant by 'Work Uncertified' in contract costing?
- g. Define fixed cost and variable cost with one example each.
- h. What is the difference between single and composite units?

Q.2 A) The product of company passes through 2 distinct processes to completion known as process A and B process. From the past experience it is ascertain that normal loss is incurred in each process as follows Process A 3%, Process B 5%.

In each process the percentage of loss is computed on the number of unit entering the process concern. The normal loss of each process possesses a scrap value which for process A was sold out at ₹ 0.25 per unit, and process B is sold out at ₹ 0.60 per unit. The output of each process passes immediately to the next process and finished units are passed from Process B into finished stock. Following additional data is obtained

Particulars	Process A (₹)	Process B (₹)
Direct Material	14,000	8,000
Direct wages	16,000	10,000
Direct expenses	2,000	2,000
Factory Overhead	5,375	3,085

10,000 units of material have been introduced into process A at a cost of ₹ 5 per unit. The output of each process has been as follows, Process A 9500 units, Process B 9100 units.

You are required to prepare Process Account and Finished stock Account.

(12 marks)

OR

Q.2 B) The following data pertains to Process I for March of Beta limited:  
Opening work in progress 2000 units

	Degree of Completion	Process Cost (₹)
Material	100%	7500
Labour	60%	3000
Overheads	60%	1500

Units introduced into process 8000 units. There are 2000 units in process and stage of completion is estimated to be as below. Units transferred to next process 8000 units.

	Degree of Completion	Process Cost (₹)
Material	100 %	1,00,000
labour	50 %	78,000
overheads	50 %	39,000

Prepare using Average Cost Method

1. Statement of equivalent production
2. Statement of cost
3. Statement of evaluation
4. Process Account.

(12 marks)

Q.2 C) Explain the features of Process costing

(4 marks)

Q.3 A) Shanon limited produces a product which passes through two processes before it is transferred to finished stock. The following data is available

Particulars	Process A ₹	Process B ₹	Finished stock ₹
Opening stock	7,500	9,000	22,500
Direct material	15,000	15,750	-
Direct wages	11,200	11,250	-
Factory overheads	10,500	4,500	-
Closing stock	3,700	4,500	11,250
Inter process profit		1,500	8,250

Output of process A is transferred to process B at 25% profit on the transfer price. Output of process B is transferred to finished stock at 20% profit on the transfer price. Stock in process are valued at prime cost. Finished stock is valued at the price at which it is received from process B. sales during the period are ₹ 1,40,000.

You are required to prepare Process accounts and Finished goods account.

(12 marks)

Q.3 B) Dupont Ltd produces product P, Q and R which originates from same process. The joint cost amounted to ₹ 1,50,000. The output of products P, Q and R is 1500, 2500 and 1000 units respectively. Apportion the joint cost to various product on the basis of Average Unit cost Method. (4 marks)

OR

Q.3 C) The joint cost of manufacturing 2000 units of A, 4000 units of B and 6000 units of C is ₹ 48,000. The selling prices of product A, B and C are ₹ 5, ₹ 4, and ₹ 3 respectively. The product do not require any further processing cost after split off. Apportion joint cost on sale value basis. (4 marks)

Q.4 A) Mr. Vivek undertook a contract for the construction of Building on 1<sup>st</sup> January 2024, the contract price being ₹ 15,00,000. The following details are available for the year 2018

Particulars	Amount (₹)
Material purchased	2,40,000
Material issued from store	3,00,000
Labour employed on site	90,000
Plant installed on site	1,20,000
Direct expenses	60,000
Proportionate establishment charges	15,000
Cash received ( 80% of work certified)	6,00,000
Work uncertified	1,50,000
Material return to store	15,000
Material in hand at end	6,000
Wages outstanding	18,000
Direct expenses accrued	24,000

Prepare the contract account and show the amount that would appear in the balance sheet. A part of plant costing ₹ 20,000 was stolen at the beginning of the year and the insurance company paid ₹ 12,000. Plant is depreciated @ 20% p.a. (12 marks)

Q.4 B) Explain the treatment of 'Work Certified' and 'Work Uncertified' in the preparation of a contract account. (4marks)

OR

(4 marks)

Q.4 C) Briefly describe the components and significance of an Escalation Clause in contract costing.

**Q.5 A)** Transport company has been given a 40 kilometre long route to run 5 buses. The cost of each bus is ₹ 6,50,000. The buses will make 3 round trips per day carrying on an average 80% passengers of their seating capacity. The seating capacity of each bus is 40 passengers. The buses will run on an average 25 days in a month. The other information for the year 2024-25 are given below:

Garage rent	₹ 4,000 per month
Annual repairs and maintenance	₹ 22,500 each bus
Salaries of 5 drivers	₹ 3,000 each per month
Wages of 5 conductors	₹ 1,200 each per month
Manager's salary	₹ 7,500 per month
Road tax, permit fees etc	₹ 5,000 for a quarter
Office expenses	₹ 2,000 per month
Cost of diesel per litre	₹ 33
Kilometers run per litre for each bus	6 kilometre
Annual depreciation	15% of cost
Annual insurance	3% of cost

You are required to calculate the bus fare to be charged from each passenger per kilometre, if company wants to earn profit off 33.33% percent on takings. **(12 marks)**

**(4 marks)**

**Q.5 B)** A lorry starts with a load of 20 tons of goods from station X. It unloads 5 tons at station Y and rest of the goods at station Z. It reaches back directly to station X after getting reloaded with 10 tons of goods at station Z. The distance between X to Y, Y to Z and then from Z to X are 40 kms, 60 kms, and 80 kms respectively. Compute Absolute Ton km and commercial ton km.

**OR**

**Q.5 C)** Discuss the application of operating costing in various industries.

**(4 marks)**

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S.Y.B.COM. (SEMESTER - IV) (Regular) SEMESTER END ASSESSMENT  
(NEP) APRIL 2025.

Subject: SERVICE MARKETING (CBM 203)

Date: 23/04/2025

Time: 10.00 A.m. to 12.00 p.m.

Max. Marks: 80

**Instructions:**

- 1) All questions are compulsory, however internal choice is provided.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate total marks allotted to the question.

- Q. 1) Answer the following questions in short. (8 X 2 = 16 marks)
- a. Define Services as per American Marketing Association.
  - b. Define Customer expectations.
  - c. What is Product Mix in context of services?
  - d. What is Dynamic Pricing?
  - e. Define Service Blueprint.
  - f. What is Service Triangle?
  - g. Define Tourism
  - h. What is Merchant Banking?
- Q. 2A) Explain the role of service sector in Indian Economy. (12)
- OR**
- Q. 2B) Explain the important characteristics of services. (12)
- Q. 2C) What is Service Quality? Explain any 2 dimensions of service quality. (4)
- Q. 3A) Apply any 6 Pricing strategies to marketing of Services. (12)
- Q. 3B) Apply Product level framework and explain the four levels of Service Product. (4)
- OR**
- Q. 3C) Apply any four guidelines to manage Service Promotion. (4)
- Q. 4A) Analyse the types of marketing in a Service Triangle. (12)
- OR**
- Q. 4B) Apply any two types of service processes in real life examples of Service Marketing. (4)
- OR**
- Q. 4C) Explain any 3 types of Service Personnel with examples and their duties. (4)
- Q. 5 A) Analyse the marketing mix for Banking Services. (12)
- Q. 5B) Briefly analyse any four components of Tourism and Hospitality industry. (4)
- OR**
- Q. 5C) Apply the marketing mix in Travel and Tourism Services. (4)
-



**Q.3.B.** KK Ltd from Mumbai is a wholesale dealer in Piston Rings. GST rate for supply is 28%. The following data is noted from the records of the company for December 2024.

Date of supply	Recipient of supply	Place of supply	Quantity	Rate (in Rs. Per unit)	Discount
3 <sup>rd</sup> December 2024	AK Ltd	Patna	8	69,000	9%
18 <sup>th</sup> December 2024	BT Ltd	Nashik	10	64,000	5%

No other supply is made by KK Ltd during December 2024. Calculate GST Liability for December 2024. (4 marks)

**OR**

**Q.3.C.** Explain the eligibility criteria for Composition scheme. (4 marks)

**Q.4.A.** Explain the GST Registration process in India. (12 marks)

**Q.4.B.** Explain the structure of GSTIN. (4 marks)

**OR**

**Q.4.C.** Explain Electronic Way Bill. (4 marks)

**Q.5.A.** Jaya enterprises has imported one machine from USA. The following details are provided:

Price of machine: 7500 US Dollar

Freight Paid (Air): 2000 US Dollar

Design and development charges paid in USA 400 US Dollar.

Commission payable to local agent @ 2% price of a machine in Indian Rupee.

Date of Bill of entry – 20<sup>th</sup> January 2025 (Rate of BCD 10%, Exchange rate notified by CBIC Rs. 87 per US Dollar)

Integrated tax is 12%.

Insurance charges 1.125%.

Compute the total custom duty and integrated tax payable by Jaya enterprises. (12 marks)

**Q.5.B.** Mr. Raj arrives from USA. The details of items carried are as follows:

Laptop: Rs. 70,000/-

Mobile Phone: Rs. 40,000/-

Power bank: Rs. 8000/-

Clothes: Rs. 25,000/-

Other personal items: Rs. 18,000/-

Rate of custom duty applicable is 35%.

Calculate amount of custom payable by Mr. Raj.

(4 marks)

**OR**

**Q.5.C.** Describe the purpose and application of safeguard duty with the example of sector in India where it has been recently applied.

(4 marks)

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NARAYAN ZANTYE COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

BICHOLIM-GOA

S.Y.B.COM. (SEMESTER IV) (REGULAR) SEMESTER END ASSESSMENT  
(NEP) APRIL 2025

SUBJECT: कोंकणी भाशेचे मुळावें गिन्यान (KON 252)

DURATION: 1 HOUR

DATE: 06/05/2025

MAX MARKS: 20

सुचोवण्यो : 1) सगळे प्रस्न सक्तिचे आसात.

2) प्रस्नां सामकार दर एकल्याचे गूण दाखयल्यात.

प्र 1. सकयल दिल्ल्या खंयच्याय चार प्रस्नांच्यो जापो बरयात. (4X2=08)

अ. कोंकणी भाशेचीं खाशेलपणां तुमच्या उतरांनी बरयात.

आ. लिखित कौशल्य म्हळ्यार कितें?

इ. मौखीक कौशल्याचो अर्थ तुमच्या उतरांनी बरयात.

ई. आवय भास म्हळ्यार कितें? आनी आवयभाशेचे म्हत्व तुमच्या उतरांनी बरयात.

प्र. 2. सकयल दिल्ल्या खंयच्याय तीन प्रस्नांच्यो जापो बरयात. (3X2=06)

1) भाशेच्या लिखित कौशल्याची गरज तुमच्या उतरांनी बरयात.

2) भाशेच्या मौखीक कौशल्यांची गरज स्पश्ट करात.

3) सकयल दिल्ल्या उतरांचे लिंग आनी वचन बदला.

अ. लिंग बदला.

ब. वचन बदला.

घोडो -

न्हंय -

4) सर्वनाम म्हळ्यार कितें?

प्र.3.अ) सकयल दिल्ल्या प्रस्नांच्यो जापो बरयात. (2X3=06)

1) लिखित मजकूर पुरावो म्हूण उरता. हाचेर तुमची मतां मांडात.

2) लिखित कौशल्यांचेर आमी कशे तरेन प्रभुत्व मेळोवपाक शकता?

वा

प्र.3.ब) सकयल दिल्ल्या प्रस्नांच्यो जापो बरयात. (2X3=06)

1) मौखीक कौशल्यांचो विकास कसो जांव येता?

2) मौखीक कौशल्य आनी लोक संस्कृताय हांचो घट संबंद आसा. स्पश्ट करात.

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